Approval: 9th Senate Meeting

Course Number: HS-536 Course Name: Social Movements in India Credits: 3-0-0-3 Prerequisites: Nil Intended for: UG/PG Distribution: HS Course Semester: Even/Odd Course Preamble:

Through Sociological concepts and theoretical frameworks, this course introduces various notions and meanings of 'protest' and 'social change', which is inevitable and also dynamic in many ways, and how it had long been entangled with issues of caste, class, religion, ethnicity, and language in modern Indian context. The argument this course essentially tries to drive home is that 'social change' in Indian context is 'no single narrative'; it has always been plural in character and diverse in its scope and composition. Through concepts, theoretical frameworks, perspectives, styles of protest and critical events of dissent, it predominantly aims to offer students a comprehensive understanding on plural and diverse interpretations of 'the Idea of India', both historically and today, with a special reference to social movements in modern India. Along the way, this course also deals with inevitability and significance of 'dissent' in the making of modern and contemporary India.

Course Modules:

I. Concepts and Context

• Protest and Social Change

- Mobilization and Institutionalization
- Issues in the Analysis of Social Movements

II. Social Movements in Independent India

- Peasant movements
- Tribal Movements
- Feminist Movement
- Dalit Movement
- Backward Caste movements
- Maoist/Naxalite movement
- Separate Statehood movements
- Human rights and Environmental Movements
- Students' movements

II. Theoretical Issues and Perspectives

(6 Contact Hours)

• Nine Theses on Social Movements

(24 Contact Hours)

(6 Contact Hours)

- Social Movements and State Response
- Sources of Deprivation and Styles of Protest

Reading Material & References:

- Dhanagare, D & John, J. 1988. 'Cyclical Movement towards the 'Eternal' "Nine Theses on Social Movements": A Critique'. *Economic and Political Weekly*, Volume. 23(21), Pp. 1089-1092.
- 2. Dhanagare, D. 1998. Peasant Movements in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 3. Frank, Andre Gunder & Marta Fuentes. 1987. Nine Theses on Social Movements. *Economic and Political Weekly*. 32(35), Pp. 1503-1510.
- 4. Gurr, T. R. 1970. Why Men Rebel. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- 5. Jones, W. Kenneth. 2008. *Socio-religious Reform Movements in British India*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Oommen, T K. 1977. Sociological Issues in the Analysis of Social Movements in Independent India. *Sociological Bulletin*, 26(1).
- 7. Oommen, T K. 1990. *Protest and Change: Studies in Social Movements*. New Delhi: Sage Publications
- 8. Oommen, T K. 2010. (Ed.,). *Social Movements: Issues of Identity*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 9. Rao, MSA. 1979. (Ed.,) *Social Movements in India*. Volume. I. New Delhi: Manohar Publishers.
- 10. Shah, Ghanshyam. 2004. *Social Movements in India. A Review of Literature*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 11. Shah, Ghanshyam.2001. (Ed.,). *Social Movements and the State*. New Delhi: Sage Publications. (Readings in Indian Government and Politics)